有了您,我們的孩子一個也不會少!

Every child matters. So does your support!

過去一年,繼續有不少天災人職發生,奪去了無數無辜的小生命。 一名因戰亂失去丈夫和家園的敘利亞母親Iman,便眼巴巴看着自己 的孩子,一個又一個在自己的懷中失去了氣息,「天氣真的很冷很 冷,他(兒子)的小嘴已經發紫,我不斷地搓揉着他的小手,但也 無法感受到他一丁點兒體溫,於是我立即去加熱奶水,希望他能捱 過去,可惜已經太遲……」最令人心痛的是,她的女兒後來也因為 飢餓致身體極度虚弱,最終患病不治。

Iman心中埋藏着說不出的悲痛,以為自己的四個孩子會一個個地離 她而去。不遇,在最絕望的時候,她得到了UNICEF的援助。如今, Iman與她餘下兩名兒子居住在敍利亞的庇護營舍,終於獲得保暖衣 物、毛毯及藥物,確保他們在溫暖中度過這個冬天。

Over the past year, ruthless natural and man-made disasters have stormed the lives of countless innocent children. Iman, a Syrian mother of four children, who lost her husband and home in the war. She watched her two children die one by one in her arm. "It was freezing cold, his lips turned purple and I kept rubbing his little hands, but couldn't feel his body heat. I ran to warm his milk hoping he could make it, but it was too late ... " Iman sobbed. And wfully, her daughter was weakened by hunger and died from illness soon after.

Iman piled myriad emotions on top of profound sadness and believed her four children would be destined to leave her. In the depths of despair, she received assistance from

UNICEF Today, Iman and her two remaining sons live in a sheltered camp in Syria,

with supply of winter clothing. blankets and medicines



愛滋病病毒及愛滋病

為非洲20個國家和地區的婦女進行新的愛滋病

即時檢測,新技術提高檢測率,讓更多嬰兒能





食水、環境及個人衞生 Water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH)

全球約有21億人無法在家中獲得清潔的食水 近9億人因家中沒有廁所而要隨地便溺。 UNICEF在105個國家推行WASH項目,並在緊 急情況下,為4,300萬名兒童提供清潔的食水

2.1 billion people did not have access to safe drinking water at home, almost 900 million practiced open defecation. UNICEF engaged in WASH programming in 105 countries and provide safe water to 43 million children in emergencies



Health

在64個優先救援的國家中,為超過6,500萬名兒 童接種三劑白喉破傷風百日咳混合疫苗(DTP) 預防兒童殘疾和過早死亡

Support 27 million births in health facilities in 23 countries with high neonatal and maternal mortality

In 64 priority countries, 65.5 million children received three doses of the Pentavalent vaccine, which includes the vaccines for diphtheria. tetanus and pertussis (DTP/Penta)





支持73個國家擴大對患有嚴重急性營養不良兒

童的治療和護理服務, 令受惠國家數目較對上

一年增加9%。讓超過400萬名兒童接受治療,

為30個國家中約5.800萬名青少年提供醫療及健

Provided life-saving treatment in 73 countries

(increased by 9% compare to a year ago) for more

than 4 million children with severe acute malnutrition - 82 per cent of whom fully recovered

More than 58 million adolescent girls and boys

in 30 countries received services to

prevent and improve anaemia

and malnutrition

康支援,以預防及改善貧血和營養不良等問題

當中82%完全康復







262 million children and young people were out of school around the world, UNICEF worked in 144 countries to address these global educational challenges and provide education support for more than 12 million children



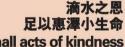
Child Protection

協助46個國家近500萬名女童擺脫童婚的厄運 當中超過100 萬名女童曾接受技能及就業等培訓 支援97個國家的年青人,提升他們的發展技能 和就業能力

Prevention and care interventions to help nearly 5 million adolescent girls in 46 countries address child marriage: more than 1 million girls who received skills-development and employability training

Supported skills development for young people in 97 countries.

到長大成人 Thrive into adulthood



Small acts of kindness can make a big impact on our children

還要面對天災的蹂躪,Iman的悲劇

每一顆小生命都是

珍貴但脆弱,能逃過人禍,

雖然與二十年前相比,今天的兒童、嬰兒和母親有更 大的生存機會,但肺炎、瘧疾和腹瀉等疾病,以及與妊娠和分 娩有關的併發症,每年仍奪走數百萬名兒童和母親的生命。

其實只屬冰山一角。

生、清潔食水的地方為嬰兒接生,她慨歎:「很多已出院的媽媽,因受嚴重 感染又要回健康院治療。產婦分娩時有清潔食水,對她們自身或嬰兒的生存 尤其關鍵;否則,在分娩期間或之後,有可能感染破傷風等,並引發嚴重的

很多人都無法想像,助產士如能在接生實實前使用肥皂清洗雙手,便可把新 生兒的死亡率減低19%,看似簡單動作,原來已足以決定母嬰的生死。

Every little life is precious vet vulnerable - strive to survive man-made disasters, followed by ravages of natural disasters. Iman's tragedy is just the tip of the icebera.

Despite the fact that children, newborns and mothers nowadays have a greater chance of survival compared to two decades ago, diseases such as pneumonia, malaria and diarrhea, as well as pregnancy and childbirth-related complications keep devastating lives of several million children and mothers

Indian midwife Bandana Das, has a profound emotion delivering babies in places lacking sanitation and clean water for more than 30 years. "I have seen mothers who are discharged coming back with severe infections for treatment. When women give birth, access to clean water, and adequate sanitation are crucial to the survival of the babies. Otherwise, infections such as sepsis and tetanus car occur during and shortly after the delivery." she sighs.

Most of us have never imagined that the mortality rate of the newborn could be reduced by 19% simply if the midwives can wash their hands with soap before delivery. Simple acts can be the big difference between life and death.

全賴您無間斷的慷慨支持,

讓孩子有機會在絕望之中掙扎求存,努力地活下來。

Thank you for your continuous support, giving children an opportunity to survive in despair.



在2018年, UNICEF在超過190個國家及地區推行可 持續保障兒童健康、營養、教育、保護,食水、環境 及個人衛生的項目,助他們解困。

In 2018, UNICEF has implemented a series of sustainable projects covering children's health, nutrition, education, protection, water, sanitation and hygiene across over 190 countries and areas.



庫克灣, 瓦努亞圖 Cook Bay, Vanuatu

這個偏遠的小島上沒有任何醫療中心和電力供 應。受惠於UNICEF加強前綫疫苗接種工作,研 發新科技以運送疫苗到位置偏遠且醫療服務不 足的社區,庫克灣的兒童終獲接種第一批由無

Cook Bay is a remote island with no medical center and electricity supply. Benefited from UNICEF's enhanced frontline immunization efforts, new technology has been developed to help deliver vaccines to remote and underserved communities Children in Cook Bay were eventually immunized by the first batch of dr



UNICEF 提供項目及工作的地方 I INICEE's works and programmer

敍利亞 / 加沙 / 中東地區 Svria / Gaza / Middle East

大部份貧窮及戰亂地區的失學兒童中,多達六成 是女童,UNICEF為690萬名接受人道救援的兒 童及青少年提供教學設備和保暖物資等,特別是 數以百萬因敍利亞戰火而逃離家園的兒童,他們 在危難中可繼續學習、及玩耍的樂趣。

60% out-of-school children in most war-torn and poor areas are girls. UNICEF provide education supporting to 6.9 million in humanitarian situations, including learning materials and equipment to continue the education, and winter clothing kits that could keep them warm, particularly millions of children who fled their homes due to the Syrian war.



加沙市的Mohammad得到UNICFF的教育支援,以知識改變未來,並計劃條 讀建築或護士等課程,希望畢業後更容易找到工作,幫助改善家庭生計。

Mohammad, living in Gaza City, receiving education support from UNICEF, he plans to apply architecture or nursing school, a higher chance to get a job with special skillset and hope that will improve his living.

孟加拉 Bangladesh

緬甸爆發衝突,令超過85萬名羅興亞人逃往孟 加拉,並擠在科克斯巴扎爾難民營內。雨季的 暴雨及強風和不潔食水,更對兒童健康和安全 構成威脅。UNICEF聯同夥伴機構,在當地推行 白喉疫苗接種行動,同時為營內的兒童和家庭 提供安全食水及興建廁所等衞生設施。

More than 850,000 terrified Rohingya refugees fled to Bangladesh and were jammed into Cox's Bazar refugee camps. Heavy rains plus strong winds in monsoon seasons, as well as unclean drinking water have posed a serious threat to the children's health and safety. UNICEF, together with the partners, has launched a local diphtheria vaccination campaign and provided children and families in the camps with access to safe water, latrines and other sanitation facilities.



戰爭使也門成千上萬兒童陷於營養不良的危機, Saba是其中一人(圖)。她因嚴重急性營養不良 削弱身體免疫力,出現腹瀉和發燒,被送到營 養治療中心時,生命已危在旦夕。Saba入院後 不久脱離危險期。在UNICEF的支持下,營養治 療中心為Saba這類兒童提供營養治療,並為病 人的家庭提供營養和環境衞生等指導。

The war has taken a heavy toll on thousands of Yemen-children at particular risk of malnutrition. Saba, among many other children (pictured), suffered from severe acute malnutrition, leading to her impaired immune system and complications of diarrhoea and fever. She was a step away from death's door upon arrived therapeutic feeding centre. Saba's health started to improve and be out of danger. UNICEF-supported feeding centres offer care treatment along with nutrition and hygiene guidance to the children and families in need.



和其他生活支援。



Kyrgyzstan

在吉爾吉斯,簡陋的分娩環境令不少母嬰染病。 在UNICEF支援下,產房及育嬰室備有清潔的食 水供應、亦裝有暖爐,並由受過訓練的醫護人員 為孕婦和新生兒做好準備。

In Kyrgyzstan, many newborns and mothers get during childbirth due to primitive condi With UNICEF's support, both delivery and nursery rooms are equipped with clean water supply and heater while medical staff are well trained to protect the expectant mothers and babies from the



Jiydegul succeeded to give birth to a healthy baby in the

Jivdegul可安心地在醫院分娩, 並順利讓下一個健康的小寶寶

東埔寨 Cambodia

很多貧窮國家的家長醫療常識有限,不清楚常規 疫苗接種對子女健康的重要。有些貧困家庭則因 為無法負擔停工造成的經濟損失,而不願意花時 間到醫療中心輪候服務。自2011年起, UNICEF 與柬埔寨的地區衞生部門合作,逐家逐戶向村民 解釋疫苗接種對母嬰健康的好處。

Parents in many poor countries lack of adequate medical knowledge and do not realize the impo of regular vaccinations for their children's health Some poor families are reluctant to spend time waiting for vaccinations at the medical center with the fear of financial loss caused by work suspension. Since 2011, UNICEF has joined hands with the Cambodian regional health department, go door to door conveying the benefits of vaccination for mothers and children.

剛果民主共和國 **Democratic** Republic of the Congo

UNICEF致力於防治愛滋病病毒傳播的工作、應 對兒童營養不足和飢餓問題。UNICEF在剛果民 主共和國的社區健康人員,逐家逐戶走訪當地 的居民,鼓勵他們進行產前檢查,及提高他們 對營養不良和愛滋病的關注。

UNICEF is committed to delivering HIV/AIDS prevention and treatment projects and saving children from malnutrition and starvation. Our community health personnel in Democratic Republic of the Congo visit the local residents in person to encourage them to conduct prenatal check-ups and raise their awareness of malnutrition and AIDS.



世界各地仍有很多受苦兒童亟待救援,他 們很需要您的支持去改變命運及面對未來 挑戰。感謝您與UNICEF攜手繼續守護每 一位兒童的珍貴童年!

There are still innumerable vulnerable children who are in urgent need of support, so as to change their destinies and face challenges. We are grateful for continue to ensure every child a happy and secure childhood!









約旦/菲律賓/越南 **Jordan / Philippines** /Vietnam / China

UNICEF在97個國家和地區推行項目,協助青少 年提升技能和就業能力。

UNICEF support skill development projects across 97 countries and regions, to help enhance young people life and employability skills



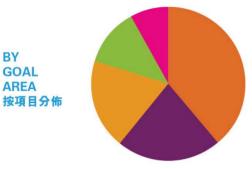
sponsored by UNICEF in Jordan to provide children in learning, protection, life skills and other living support.

UNICEF DIRECT PROGRAMME EXPENSES, 2018

聯合國兒童基金會2018年度全球項目開支

TOTAL EXPENDITURE 總開支(港幣)

HK\$42,073,200,000

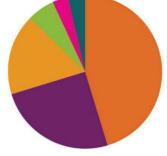


Survive and Thrive 39.0% 牛存及發展

Learning 22.1%

18.8% Environment 環境

BY REGION 按地區分佈



撒哈拉以南的 非洲地區 Middle East and

25.0% Middle East North Africa

中東及北非

17.0% Asia 亞洲

Europe and Central Asia

3.3% the Caribbean

Latin America and 拉丁美洲及加勒比海

3.6% Interre

Interregional

因進位關係,各數字之和可能與相關的總額略有偏差。

Sub-Saharan Africa

UNICEF HK FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS, 2018

聯合國兒童基金香港委員會2018年度財政摘要

Protection 保護

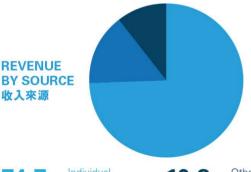
Fair Chance

12.2%

FUNDS ALLOCATION TOTAL 善款用途合共(港幣)

HK\$183,962,019

NOTE: Numbers may not add up because of rounding.



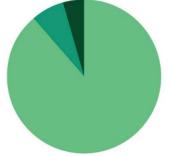
個人捐款

10.3%

income 其他收入

15.0% Corporate partnerships and annual fundraising events 企業捐助及年度籌款活動

FUND ALLOCATION



74.7% Individual donations

全球前綫工作及儲備 **6.9%** Administrative and general expenses 行政及其他開支

88.7% Global programme assistance and reserves

Advocacy and programme expenses 倡議及教育項目 開支

UNICEF HK generates its revenue from individual and corporate supporters. We receive no donations from the HKSAR Government. 聯合國兒童基金香港委員會所有收入均來自個人及企業捐助, 我們並無接受香港特別行政區政府的捐款。